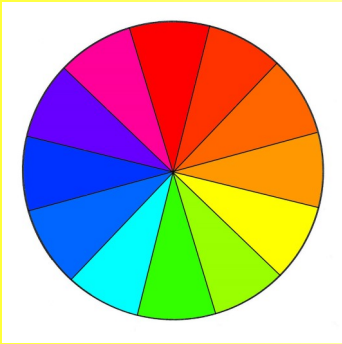
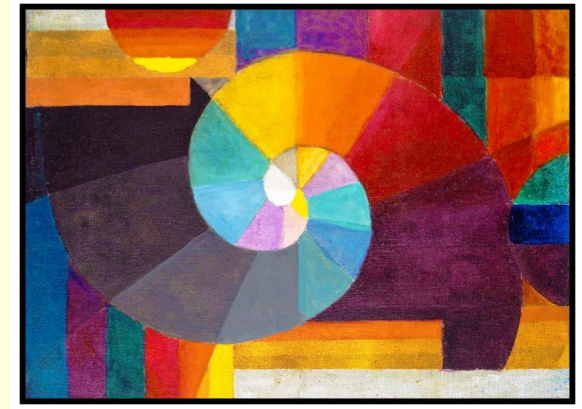
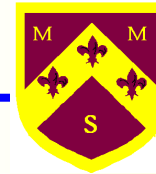




Knowledge Organiser

Art. Key Stage 1

Rainbow Colours



Key Vocabulary

Primary colours are colours that cannot be created by mixing other colours. They are red, yellow and blue.

Secondary colours are colours that can be created by mixing two primary colours. They are green, orange and purple.

Tertiary colours are made by mixing equal parts of one primary colour and one secondary colour.

Warm colours: reds, oranges, yellows.

Cool colours: blues, greens, indigos, violets.

Neutral colours: greys, browns, blacks.

Complimentary colours are colours that are opposite each other on the colour wheel.

A tint is the mixture of a colour with white, which increases lightness.

A shade is the mixture of a colour with black, which increases darkness.

A tone is produced either by the mixture of a colour with grey.

Dab/sweep/bold brushstroke are different painting techniques.

Abstract art is modern art which does not represent images of our everyday world. It has colour, lines and shapes, but they are not intended to represent objects or living things.

Art skills

We will learn how to:

Mix primary, secondary and tertiary colours.

Mix different shades and tints

Select appropriately from a range of brushes available

Use the water - paint – palette routine

Create a composition in the style of Paul Klee

We will use the following Media:

Ready-mix paint, wax resist, watercolours, chalk pastels, charcoal

Artist influence

Paul Klee. Swiss. Abstract artist. 1879-1940

